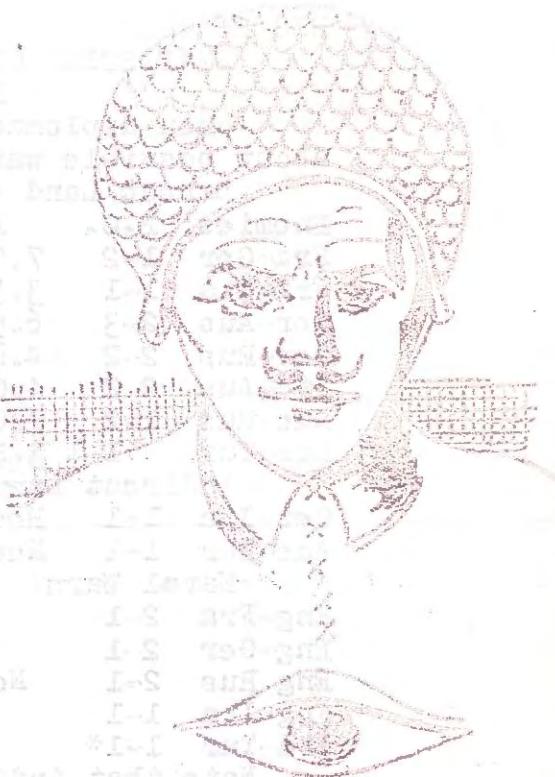
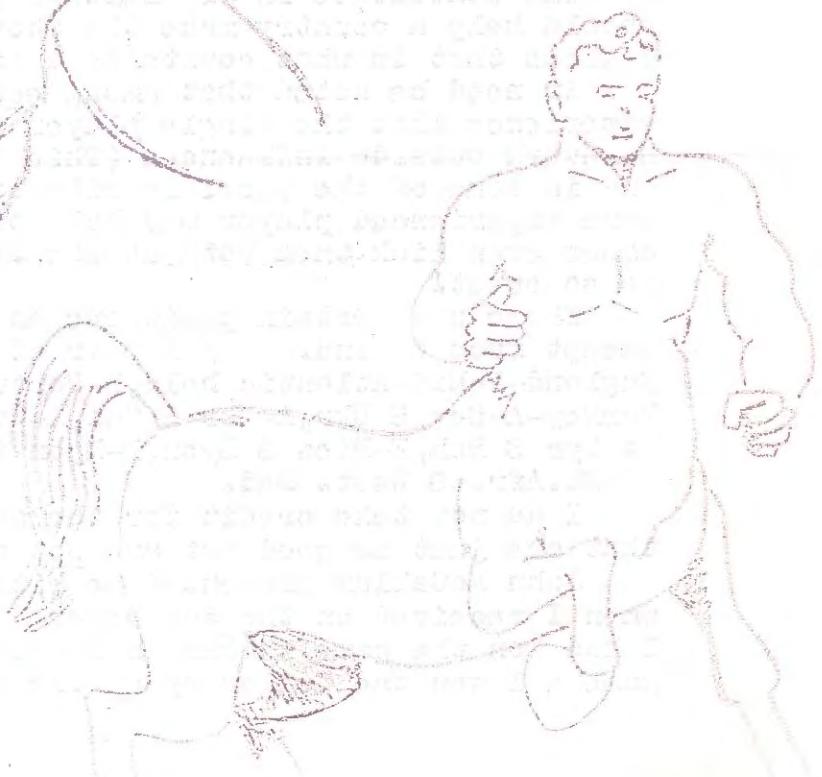


# BIG BROTHER



51



BIG BROTHER:

25 DECEMBER 1967:

STATISTICS OF THE POSTAL DIPLOMACY GAMEBOARD: Part II:

By: Charles N. Reinsel

When diplomacy fails there will be wars and certain facts about possible wars are hereby presented.

Direct Land Wars:

Enemies: B.C.	A.M.	Key
Fra-Ger	1-2	7.0-6.0
Fra-Ita	1-1	3.5-3.5
Ger-Aus	2-3	6.5-6.0
Ger-Rus	2-2	4.8-5.0
Ita-Aus	2-2	4.0-5.3
Aus-Rus	1-2	7.0-5.5
Rus-Tur	1-1	3.5-3.5

B.C.--Border Confrontation  
A.M.--Average Mobility of  
Border Pieces.  
Key-Key to Flank to win  
the war.

Indirect Land Wars:

Ger-Ita	1-1	Need to Control; Tyrolie
Aus-Tur	1-1	Need to Control; Serbia & Bulgaria

Naval Wars:	Need to Control:	
Eng-Fra	2-1	English Channel
Eng-Ger	2-1	North Sea
Eng-Rus	2-1	Norway & Norwegian Sea
Eng-Ita	1-1	Mid-Atlantic Ocean
Ita-Tur	1-1*	Ionian Sea

(Figure here  
under B.C.  
means the  
offensive  
powers in  
Armies or  
Fleets.)

(\*-At best)

Note that individual statistics are sometimes pretty bare of meaning but are needed to program a computer for instance. However they do tell us if it is an even chance or if one side or the other is favored in a certain war situation. Most important is the overall picture you get and the help all of the facts give us during the diplomacy period and deciding who to war with and when. "There will always be Wars and rumors of Wars" but it helps when you can pick the battleground, the opponent, and the time of battle.

The statistics in Big Brother #47, #51, and in future issues should help a country make the above decisions. They help me and I guess that is what counts as I sift thru the mounds of facts.

It need be noted that among equal players in ability and experience that the single player should always lose to the two. However outside influences (This is where more diplomacy helps!) and in some of the possible situations on the board a better or more experienced player may hold off two opponents and in some few cases even lick them both at the same time. In these cases victory is so sweet!

There are certain positions on the board that cannot be forced except from behind. A pair of examples I've read about are; England-F-Mid-Atlantic hold, F-Portugal S M.A.O., F-North Atl. S M.A.O., Turkey-A-Sev S Ukr, A-Ukr S Gal, A-Gal S Ukr, A-Bud S Gal, A-Boh S Gal, A-Tyr S Boh, F-Picd S Lyon, F-Lyon S W.Med., F-W.Med. S Lyon, and F-Nt.Afr. S West. Med.

I do not take credit for the above but I have discovered others that are just as good but are not as well known. Ha-Hal

John McCallum presented me with a most happy Christmas present when I received on the day before Christmas the written word that I had won the game 1966AQ in BROWNINGAG. I played Russia in this game & I won the diplomacy at the start and the tactics throughout

(Main article cont. some time.)

BIG BROTHER #51: CHRISTMAS EVE 1967: (26 GAMES FINISHED:  
THE OFFICIAL & ORIGINAL BIG BROTHER'S POSTAL DIPLOMACY RATINGS!  
63A,B,64A,B,C,D,65A,B,D,E,F,G,H,I,L,M,S,T,66B,D,E,M,O,R,AQ,&B.B.,#2.  
Note: Winners of all regular seven player games marked with "W":  
\*\*\*\*\*

27 John Smythe W	-1	Jack Harness	-1	George Parks
21 Charles Wells W	-1	Stuart Koschner	-1	Ron Parks
15 Derek Nelson W	-1	Dave Lebling	-1	Steve Patt
14 Jerry Pournelle W	-1	James Thomas	-1	Steve Patt
10 John McCallum W	-1	Rod Walker	-1	Harold Peck
8 James MacKenzie W	-1	Dan Alderson	-1	Eugene Prosnitz
8 Don Miller W	-1	Charles Alexander	-1	Paul Puckett
7 James Dygert W	-1	Len Bailes	-1	Don Recklies
7 Bruce Pelz W	-1	Ed Baker	-1	John Sandoval
7 Monte Zelazny W	-1	Brenda Banks	-1	Dennis Smith
6 Jim Latimer W	-1	Steve Barr	-1	Henry Stine
5 Alan Huff W	-1	Eli Birsan	-1	William Sullivan
5 Charles Reinsel W	-1	Tom Buimer	-1	Mehran Thompson
4 John Koning	-1	Allan Calhamer	-1	Richard Uhr
4 Banks Mehane	-1	Arthur Canfil	-1	Ronald Wilson
4 Conrad vonhetzke W	-1	Louis Curtis	-2	Ron Bounds
2 Lon Atkins	-1	Ron Daniels	-2	Jack Chalker
2 Donald Berman	-1	Scott Duncan	-2	Bill Christian
2 Rick Brooks	-1	Dennis Frisch	-2	Barry Gold
2 Larry Peery	-1	Leonard Garland	-2	James Goldman
2 Brian Pelz	-1	Sidney Get	-2	Terry Huston
2 Jock Root	-1	Alex Gilliland	-2	Greg Long
2 Earl Thompson	-1	Al Goggins	-2	Joel Sattel
2 Chris Wagner	-1	Thomas Gorman	-2	Bill Schreffler
2 Bob Ward	-1	Tom Griffin	-2	Jerry Teeney
1 Richard Bryant	-1	Ben Hedin	-3	John Boardman
1 Frank Clark	-1	Wayne Hoheisel	-3	Margaret Gemignani
1 John Davy	-1	Monroe Jeffrey	-3	Paul Harley
1 Jack Greene	-1	Fred Lerner	-3	Jerald Jacks
1 Clyde Johnson	-1	Dave McDaniel	-3	Bernie Kling
1 Terry Kuch	-1	Greg McInear	-3	Andy Swenson
1 Robert Lake	-1	John Mazor	-3	Roland Tzudiker
1 Ken Levinson	-1	Pat McDonald	-4	Bob Cline
1 Charles Turner	-1	Hal Naus	-4	Jim Sanders
0 Charles Brannan	-1	Mark Owings	-4	Dick Schultz
0 Ken Davidson	-1		-5	Phil Castora

\*\*\*\*\*  
BIG BROTHER (The OMBUDSMAN of POSTAL DIPLOMACY) is published by a-  
Mr. Charles N. Reinsel, 120 8th Ave., Clarion, Pennsylvania-16214:  
\*\*\*\*\*

WINTER 1966: WINNERS Game #4: 27 December 1967:

East & West Prepare for All - OUT WAR!!  
England(Koning)-Remove Fleet Norwegian Sea

Italy(Nelson)-Build Army Rome

Austria(Wells)-Build Army Vienna

Russia(McCallum)-Build Army Warsaw & Fleet Sevastopol

Spring 1907 Dates due Friday, by 6PM, the 12th. of January 1968:  
\*\*\*\*\*

BIG BROTHER Demands that all of you have a "Happy New Year" or else!

BIG BROTHER #51: LION GAME #6: 29 Dec. 1967:  
SPRING 1903: FRENCH BUY GOLD AS WAR GOES ON!  
Summer retreat and FALL 1903 Moves due 6PM,  
Friday, the 12th. of January 1968: (Note: the  
above fall moves may be conditional as to the direction  
of the Russian retreat.)

ENGLAND--Fleet-Liverpool to Irish Sea.  
Also Hearndon Fleet-English Channel S F Liv-Ir. Sea.

Army-Belgium holds  
London to Norway  
Fleet-Nth. Sea C A London to Norway  
Fleet-St. Pete(NC)S A Lon. to Norway

FRANCE---(Sorry, no moves received)

Roland Armies-Mar., Burg., & Picardy hold.  
Fleets-Mid-Atlantic & Brest hold.

GERMANY--Army-Prussia to Livonia  
Johnston Fleet-Denmark to Sweden

Army-Kiel S A Holland  
Army-Holland holds  
Army-Munich to Silesia

ITALY---Army-Tyrolia stands.

Austria-Army-Trieste to Venice  
Lake Army-Serbia to Trieste  
Army-Budapest to Galicia  
Army-Vienna S A Budapest to Galicia  
Fleet-Greece to Ionian Sea

RUSSIA--Army-Warsaw to Moscow  
Warden Army-Galicia to Vienna\*

(\*-A-Gal. must retreat to Boh.or War.)

Fleet-Sweden to Norway

TURKEY--Fleet-Ionian Sea to Tunis  
Naus Fleet-Smyrna to Eastern Med.  
Fleet-Black Sea to Constantinople  
Army-Sevastopol S A Rum. to Ukr.  
Army-Bulgaria to Rumania  
Army-Rumania to Ukraine

Note:- Only need one more player for "Lucky"  
BIG BROTHER Game #7: Fee is \$6.00 if this is  
your first game in Big Brother or only \$3.00  
if you are now active in another BB Game!

Important Letter from Rod Walker:(18 Dec)\*  
(Postmark is 27 Dec.-Rec'd. on 29th. Dec.).  
"I am going to suspend publication of MSHWON  
over the summer. My last issue will be in June,  
and I will not publish again until late  
October or early November." Ed-Need Help, Rod?

BIG BROTHER #51: GERMANY GAME #1: 27 December 1967:  
WINTER 1918: GERMANY PASSES TROOPS TO PUSH SOUTHWARD;  
Germany(Koning)-Builds Armies Munich & Berlin & Fleet Kiel  
Italy(McCallum)-Builds Fleets at Rome and Naples  
SPRING 1919: GERMANY SHALL WIN THE WAR THIS YEAR-is prediction:  
ENGLAND---Fleet-Edinburgh stands  
FRANCE---Armies-Paris, Holland, Prussia & Piedmont stand.  
            Fleets-London & Mid-Atlantic Ocean stand.  
GERMANY---Fleet-Brest S French F Mid-Atlantic Ocean  
Koning     Fleet-Irish Sea S French F Mid-Atlantic  
            Fleet-North Sea to English Channel  
            Fleet-Kiel to Helgoland Bight  
            Army-Galicia to Budapest  
            Army-Rumania to Budapest  
            Army-Tyrolia to Vienna  
            Army-Bohemia S A Tyrolia to Vienna  
            Army-Venice to Trieste  
            Army-Munich to Burgundy  
            Army-Berlin to Munich  
            Army-Gascony to Spain  
ITALY-----Fleet-Portugal S French F Mid-Atlantic Ocean  
McCallum Fleet-Spain(South Coast) hold  
            Fleet-Marseilles hold  
            Fleet-Rome holds  
            Fleet-Naples to Tyrrhenian Sea  
            Army-Venice to Tyrolia     (A-Venice is dead!)  
            Army-Apulia to Venice  
            Army-Tuscany S A Apulia to Venice  
TURKEY---Fleets-Aegean, Const., Smyrna & Syria stand.  
FALL 1919 Moves due by Friday, 6PM, the 12th. of January 1968.  
\*\*\*\*\*

WINTER 1909: PEACECORPS GAME #3: 29 December 1967:  
NO FIGHTING WHILE CHRISTMAS TRUCE IS IN EFFECT!  
SPRING 1910 Moves due Friday, 6PM, the 12th. of January 1968:  
France(Dygort) Builds Fleet at Brest  
Note: The French Army in Piedmont was not ordered to retreat so it is frozen to death in the Alps.

Germany(Turner) Sorry, no builds received.  
\*\*\*\*\*  
WINTER 1904: TIGERS GAME #5: 29 December 1967:  
THE RUSSIANS GATHER MORE STRENGTH FOR A WESTWARD HOG  
Spring 1905 Moves due Friday, 6PM, the 12th. of January 1968:  
\*\*\*\*\*

England(Birsan)-Build Army-London  
Austria(Wittmann)-Sorry no move received. Do not miss again or you will forfeit the game to remaining players.  
Note: Gamesmaster removes Army from Piedmont.

Russia(Griffin)-Build Fleet-St.Petersburg(North Coast)  
            Build Army-Moscow

Turkey(Childers)-Build Fleets Constantinople & Smyrna.  
\*\*\*\*\*

Letters: "I agree with your comments to both Kalmar & Erewon"- Roland Tzudiker

quote from "The Lost Ones" #2- "Rod Walker published EREWHON. I thought that it was the latest telephone book, when I took it out of my postoffice box and looked at the almost illegible pages. My first issue was even worse, I might add." -Stephen Rueston

## Games Executives Play

The name of the game is CLUG—and it's guaranteed to lay an egg at any party. For openers, a set of CLUG costs \$125 and requires at least six hours just to learn. To play it successfully demands the vision of an urban planner, the financial acumen of a bank president, the tax expertise of a CPA and the memory bank of a computer. In fact, the directions include a program for an IBM 1130 to help with the bookkeeping.

Obviously, CLUG—an acronym for Community Land Use Game—is not designed for ordinary, leisure-time diversion. It's the latest addition to the science of "gaming," a deedly serious business involved with simulating complex, real-life problems in model form. Gaming is as old as the seventeenth century when Prussian generals plotted their military maneuvers with a loose adaptation of chess. Today, Pentagon strategists joust with the Viet Cong by playing AGILE-COIN, a highly sophisticated simulation of guerrilla warfare in Southeast Asia.

Of late, however, gaming is being employed on battlefields of another type. Executives at Price Waterhouse & Co. play MERGER-ACQUISITION, a game in which a company must decide whether to expand its own production capabilities or gobble up a smaller competitor. Members of the American Institute of Banking learn how to allocate their advertising dollars by playing ADMAN. School superintendents in Michigan wrestle with SEPEN, which confronts them with two tricky professional tasks: selecting the proper electronic teaching aids and dispersing them within the school system. And high-school civics students in ten states sharpen their political insight through NAPOLA, a game that casts them as legislators maneuvering to pass key bills without compromising their principles or popularity. Winners get re-elected. "If experience is the best teacher, then simulation is the next-best teacher," says game designer Clark Abt.

**Utopia:** The game of CLUG, which is one of the few such simulations to be offered to the public, challenges three teams of players to build an urban utopia. Using a board representing a city of 500,000 people, data charts from the 1960 census and 16 pages of rules, the players act out a range of civic roles. They buy and sell properties, meet payroll and sign trade agreements, establish industries and build suburbs.

At first most players act out of pride

self-interest, wheeling and dealing to maximize profits. Not even Monopoly produces more cutthroat combat: a player who owns a residential development instructs his workers to squat on another player's shopping center; the latter retaliates by persuading a third player to refuse to hire the same people in his industry. But gradually, as transportation breakdowns and recessions appear, the players sense the need for negotiation and compromise. "The real purpose of CLUG is not to win," says Bruce Dotson, one of the two Cornell graduate students who has purchased the marketing rights to CLUG from its designer, urban planner Allan Feldt. "Players learn to understand how a city's functions interrelate at any given moment. But unlike real life, the practical results of their decisions show up immediately."

While CLUG is aimed primarily at potential urban planners, some 40 sets have been sold to real-estate men, bankers and schools. A class of graduate students at the University of Iowa recently played the game for nine hours. "I finally had to pull it away from them," recalls Prof. Earl Stewart.

**Toy:** Semi-urban experts are less sanguine about CLUG, pointing out it fails to allow for racial and class differences in its theoretical city. Others regard gaming itself as little more than a toy. "Many players mistakenly regard simulation games as predictive," says one educator. "But the future is only suggested to the extent that the simulation—and the player's decisions—exactly reflect the real world. That just can't be done."

Nonetheless, the Washington Center for Metropolitan Studies has commissioned Feldt to modify CLUG to the special topographical, industrial and residential character of the nation's Capital. Eventually, the center hopes to gather data from every Federal department involved with urban affairs. "We know CLUG won't solve the crisis of our cities," says one center official. "But it will allow us to test-market some of our ideas."



CLUG: Planning by playing  
Newsweek, November 27, 1967